#### INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION

#### MANAGEMENT PROGRESS REPORT

ON

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN

#### FOR

# SALALA RUBBER CORPORATION

LIBERIA PROJECT NO. 26510

June 19, 2025

# I. OVERVIEW OF MAP IMPLEMENTATION

1. This Management Progress Report constitutes the International Finance Corporation (IFC) update on the implementation of the Management Action Plan (MAP) in response to the Compliance Advisor Ombudsman (CAO) Compliance Investigation Report of IFC's investment in Salala Rubber Corporation (SRC).

2. In 2008, the International Finance Corporation (IFC) approved a \$10 million loan to the Salala Rubber Corporation (SRC) in Liberia to support the rehabilitation and expansion of a rubber plantation, creating jobs and boosting the local economy in a post-conflict setting. The loan was repaid in full by SRC in March 2020.

3. In August 2024, Socfin, SRC's previous owner, announced it had sold SRC to Jeety Rubber LLC (Jeety), a Liberian company with previously no ownership of or shareholding in SRC. IFC management understands Jeety took over SRC's operation, while Socfinco, the consulting arm of Socfin, will continue to serve as SRC's managing agent for one year. The announcement states that Socfin remains committed to implementing SRC's 2023 Action Plan to address E&S grievances, which is based on findings of the on-site investigation conducted by Earthworm Foundation ("Earthworm"), a non-profit headquartered in Switzerland, at the behest of Socfin.

4. On March 13, 2025, the Board approved IFC's MAP, which commits to implementing a Community Development Program focused on improving community livelihoods, women's economic empowerment, and preventing and responding to gender-based violence and harassment (GBVH). It also proposes support to SRC in strengthening E&S risk management. IFC committed to the Board to provide an update on the feasibility of MAP implementation within three months following the Board's approval of the MAP.

# A. Update on implementation of Project-level MAP actions

5. Between March and June 2025, IFC engaged with Jeety, Socfin, and Earthworm. This included three missions to Liberia to meet with Jeety, two virtual meetings with Earthworm, and several exchanges with Socfin. These engagements were positive and focused on exploring synergies between IFC's MAP and existing initiatives planned or already being implemented by Socfin, Earthworm and Jeety.

6. Jeety expressed a commitment to support local communities. IFC discussed opportunities for Jeety to support proposed and ongoing efforts that focus on managing risks and creating opportunities for SRC workers and communities living on and around the plantation, particularly on issues related to livelihood opportunities for members of local communities, women's economic empowerment, and sexual and reproductive health. Based on these preliminary conversations, IFC believes there are potential synergies between IFC's MAP and Jeety's intentions.

## **B.** Next Steps

7. IFC will continue to engage with Jeety in alignment with IFC's MAP objectives.

## C. Conclusion

8. Following approval of the MAP by the Board in March 2025, IFC has been exploring opportunities to implement MAP actions as envisioned. IFC believes there are opportunities to implement actions that are consistent with IFC MAP goals in coordination with Jeety, and with Jeety's commitment to strengthening community engagement and development at the SRC plantation.

9. IFC will continue to engage with key stakeholders over the coming months to explore the feasibility of MAP implementation.

10. IFC will report on the status of such efforts and the feasibility of MAP implementation in a second progress update to the Board in six months. IFC recognizes that the timelines included in the MAP may need to be revised once there is clarity on feasibility of MAP implementation.

## Annex 1. MAP ACTIONS

A. Gender-based Violence and Harassment         CAO Recommendation 4: IFC should work with SRC on the following measures:       Preventive Actions         Preventative Actions       A1. SRC Policies and Procedures       SRC, SRC         Salala should conduct a GBVH risk assessment in its plantations.       I. SRC Policies and Procedures       Implementing procedures and practices, procedures and practices for managing risks of Partner       I. Summaries of IFC reviews and recommendations         Based on this assessment, Salala should update its sexual harassment policy to ensure the policy aligns to IFC's 2020 Good Practice and Harassment, Emerging Good Practice for the Private Sector. Importantly, this should include an independent grievance mechanism, and a process for investigating reported incidents of GBVH. These investigations should be conducted by qualified individuals. The policy should stipulate services SRC can refer to GBVH survivors.       I. IFC reviews SRC's updated policies, slata should have a GBVH code of conduct for its staff and contractors. The code of conduct should explain how workers are expected to behave when going about their       I. IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of an integrated GBVH awareness and prevention program. See also       I. Summaries of IFC reviews and recommendations         SR CES UPA       IIFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of an integrated GBVH awareness and prevention program. See also       SRC GBVH Awareness and Prevention Program / March 2025	A. Gender-based Violence and Harassment         CAO Recommendation 4: IFC should work with SRC on the following measures:       Preventive Actions         Preventative Actions       AI. SRC Policies and Procedures       SRC, SRC         Salala should conduct a GBVH risk assessment in its plantations.       I. IFC reviews SRC's updated policies, procedures and practices for managing risks of Partner       SRC, SRC       I. Summaries of IFC reviews and         Based on this assessment, Salala should update its sexual harassment policy to ensure the policy aligns to IFC's 2020 Good Practice and Harassment, Emerging Good Practice for the Private Sector. Importantly, this should include an independent grievance mechanism, and a process for investigating reported incidents of GBVH. These investigations should be conducted by qualified individuals. The policy should stipulate services SRC can refer to GBVH survivors.       2. IFC reviews SRC's updated grievance mechanism and process for investigating reported incidents of GBVH. These investigations should be conducted by qualified individuals. The policy should stipulate services SRC can refer to GBVH survivors.       3. IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of a referral pathway for communities to enable access to survivor- centered services such as healthcare, counselling and legal advice.       4. IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of an integrated GBVH awareness and prevention program. See also       5. SRC GBVH Awareness and Prevention Program / March 2025	CAO RECOMMENDATION	ACTION/ACTIVITY		DELIVERABLES / TIMELINE
<ul> <li>with SRC on the following measures:</li> <li>Preventative Actions</li> <li>Salala should conduct a GBVH risk assessment in its plantations.</li> <li>Based on this assessment, Salala should update its sexual harassment policy to ensure the policy aligns to IFC's 2020 Good Practice Note on Addressing Gender-Based Violence and Harassment, Emerging Good Practice for the Private Sector. Importantly, this should include an independent grievance mechanism, and a process for investigating reported incidents of GBVH. These mechanism should be conducted by qualified individuals. The policy should stipulate services SRC can refer to GBVH survivors.</li> <li>Salala should have a GBVH code of conduct for its staff and contractors. The code of conduct should explain how workers are expected to behave when going about their</li> <li>Salala should their</li> <li>A1. SRC Policies and Procedures SRC's updated policies, practices.</li> <li>IFC reviews SRC's updated grievance mechanism and process for investigating reported incidents of GBVH. These unvestigations should be conducted by qualified individuals. The policy should stipulate services SRC can refer to GBVH survivors.</li> <li>Salala should have a GBVH code of conduct for its staff and contractors. The code of conduct should explain how workers are expected to behave when going about their</li> <li>A1. SRC Policies and Procedures SRC's updated grievance mechanism and process for investigating reported incidents of GBVH and recommendations to SRC on the development of an integrated GBVH awareness and prevention program. See also</li> <li>SRC GBVH Awareness and Procedure / March 2025.</li> <li>SRC GBVH Awareness and Prevention Program / March 2025</li> </ul>	with SRC on the following measures:A1. SRC Policies and ProceduresSRC, SRCPreventative Actions•Salala should conduct a GBVH risk• Salala should conduct a GBVH riskassessment in its plantations.•• Based on this assessment, Salala should update its sexual harassment policy to ensure the policy aligns to IFC's 2020 Good Practice for the Private Sector. Importantly, this should include an independent grievance mechanism, and a process for investigating reported incidents of GBVH. These investigations should be conducted by qualified individuals. The policy should stipulate services SRC can refer to GBVH survivors.1. Summaries of IFC reviews and Procedures SEAH, including a Code of Conduct for all workers and Zero Tolerance Statement towards Reprisals, in its operations and recommends improvements and good practices.1. Summaries of IFC reviews and recommendations2. Revised SRC GBVH mechanism, and a process for investigating reported incidents of GBVH. These investigations should be conducted by qualified individuals. The policy should stipulate services SRC can refer to GBVH survivors.3. IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of a referral pathway for communities to enable acces to survivor- centered services such as healthcare, counselling and legal advice.5. SRC GBVH Action Plan.4. IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of an integrated GBVH awareness and prevention program. See also Action B1.5. SRC GBVH Grievance Mechanism and legal advice.5. IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of an integrated GBVH awareness and prevention program. See also Action B1.5. SRC GBVH Grievance Action P	A. Gender-based Violence and Harass	ment		
and community members. development of an E&S Capacity Action Plan. aggregated records of	conduct, the grievance mechanism to all staff staff on GBVH, stakeholder engagement and workers.	<ul> <li>CAO Recommendation 4: IFC should work with SRC on the following measures:</li> <li>Preventative Actions <ul> <li>Salala should conduct a GBVH risk assessment in its plantations.</li> <li>Based on this assessment, Salala should update its sexual harassment policy to ensure the policy aligns to IFC's 2020 Good Practice Note on Addressing Gender-Based Violence and Harassment, Emerging Good Practice for the Private Sector. Importantly, this should include an independent grievance mechanism, and a process for investigating reported incidents of GBVH. These investigations should be conducted by qualified individuals. The policy should stipulate services SRC can refer to GBVH survivors.</li> <li>Salala should have a GBVH code of conduct for its staff and contractors. The code of conduct should explain how workers are expected to behave when going about their work and when interacting with service users and community members.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Preventive Actions</li> <li>A1. SRC Policies and Procedures <ol> <li>IFC reviews SRC's updated policies, procedures and practices for managing risks of SEAH, including a Code of Conduct for all workers and Zero Tolerance Statement towards Reprisals, in its operations and recommends improvements and good practices.</li> <li>IFC reviews SRC's updated grievance mechanism and process for investigating reported incidents of GBVH and recommends improvements and good practices.</li> <li>IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of a referral pathway for communities to enable access to survivor-centered services such as healthcare, counselling and legal advice.</li> <li>IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of an integrated GBVH awareness and prevention program. See also Action B1.</li> <li>IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of an E&amp;S Capacity Action Plan</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	SRC, SRC Implementing Partner	<ol> <li>Summaries of IFC reviews and recommendations</li> <li>Revised SRC GBVH Policy and Procedures applicable to all SRC workers (employees and contractors) / March 2025</li> <li>SRC GBVH Grievance Mechanism and Referral Procedure / March 2025</li> <li>SRC E&amp;S Capacity Action Plan / March 2025.</li> <li>SRC GBVH Awareness and Prevention Program / March 2025</li> <li>Anonymized and aggregated records of</li> </ol>

all GBVH grievances received and any		ill partner Planning phase: March
follow-up actions taken upon them.		nd build on <u>2025</u>
<ul> <li>Salala should sign agreements with those</li> </ul>		ished SRH 1. Situational analysis
individuals and organizations that can	1 5	omen's 2. Selection of local
provide specific services to the company for	sexual exploitation and abuse (SEA) in the econo	1
training, investigation, expert guidance, and	communities within and surrounding the develo	opment partner/s
survivor counselling and assistance.	Salala plantation in the Margibi and Bong progra	ams led by 3. Inception report
<ul> <li>Salala should conduct periodic worker</li> </ul>	counties. IFC will explore and support the releva	including participatory
surveys to collect workers' views on the		ational processes with
effectiveness of the company measures to		ies and/or communities.
prevent and respond to GBVH.	for survivors and their families. This includes reputa	ble 4. Community Services
	women and girls' livelihood support activities, intern	ational or Implementation Plan
Remedial Actions	financial and numeric literacy and local l	NGOs. Implementation phase:
Establish a facility to support a claims	psychosocial activities.	June 2027
process for survivors to receive remedy. The	• sexual and reproductive health (SRH) services,	5. Definition of
facility should, at a minimum, provide the	as the greatest health needs facing survivors in	measurable targets for
following for survivors:	the affected communities.	service delivery
<ul> <li>Short-term/long-term counselling for</li> </ul>		6. Safe and Ethical
survivors and their families	The program will be designed and implemented in a	Service protocols
<ul> <li>Healthcare support, including sexual and</li> </ul>	participatory and culturally appropriate manner over a	Transfer and Exit Phase:
reproductive health services and treatment of	3-5 year period. Where possible, IFC closely	June 2027
sexually transmitted diseases	coordinates and harmonizes activities with SRC and its	7. Transition and Exit
<ul> <li>Community and workforce reintegration</li> </ul>	implementing partner.	Plan
support		
• Funding and referrals to legal services for		
survivors seeking legal redress		
• A mechanism that allows survivors come		
forward, identify themselves if they wish, and		
consent to any remedial action that is made		
available to them		
• Financial compensation, as appropriate.		
Remedial measures should safeguard		
claimants' confidentiality and protect		
claimants and their families against any risk		
of threats or reprisals. In developing the		

facility, CAO encourages IFC to consider partnering with nongovernmental organizations that have the appropriate local knowledge, capacity and community trust to effectively implement the claims process. Further, Salala should take action to ensure that survivors are not intimidated, including public statements at CRC-organized meetings. B. Stakeholder Engagement, Grievance	e Handling, and Threats and Reprisals against Com	plainants	
CAO Recommendation 3. In an effort to deescalate tensions within communities and between the company and communities, <u>IFC</u> <u>should work with SRC</u> to find a mutually acceptable mediator to restart dialogue and aim for mutually acceptable solutions. The selection of a mediator should be a consultative, inclusive, and participatory process involving the representatives from the 22 affected communities and their supporting organizations.	1. IFC reviews SRC's updated stakeholder	SRC, SRC Implementing Partner	<ol> <li>Summaries of IFC reviews and recommendations</li> <li>Updated SRC Stakeholder Engagement and Grievance Mechanism Policies, Plans and Procedures</li> <li>Grievance Mechanism procedures that allow complainants to raise grievances without fear of retaliation (anonymous and confidential).</li> <li>Anonymized and aggregated records of IFC training to SRC</li> </ol>
11 35 3	Retroactive Actions           C1. Retroactive Crop Compensation           1. IFC reviews SRC's established process to	SRC, SRC Implementing Partner	1. Summaries of IFC reviews and recommendations

	1. IFC directly funds a community development	IFC, IFC Implementing Partner (see A.3)	<ul> <li>2. Updated SRC Grievance Mechanism Policies, Plans and Procedures for Crop claims.</li> <li>1. See Deliverables A.3.</li> </ul>
IFC should work with SRC and the representatives from the 22 affected communities and their supporting	skills training, financial and numeric literacy. The program will be designed and implemented in a participatory and culturally appropriate manner over a 3-5year period. Where possible, IFC closely		
organizations to identify and secure the	coordinates and harmonizes activities with SRC and its implementing partners.		
D. Historical Land Claims			
IFC should work with SRC to commission an independent assessment of historical land claims. The selection of a consultant should be discussed with representatives from the 22 affected communities and their supporting organizations.	1. IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of a procedure to assess, record and resolve grievances related to historical land claims. The procedure will take into account any identified gender dimensions.	SRC, SRC Implementing Partner	1. Summaries of IFC reviews and recommendations New or updated SRC Historical Land Claims Procedure / December 2025.
E. Destruction of Ancestral Graves and Sacred Sites			
CAO Recommendation 6. Together with a qualified and experience expert, <u>IFC should</u> work with SRC to engage with the aggrieved	1. IFC reviews SRC's procedures and processes	SRC, SRC Implementing partner	1. Summaries of IFC reviews and recommendations

members of sacred societies to assess impacts and agree on the rituals to address any harm caused by the destruction of sacred sites and ancestral burial sites.	<ul> <li>impacts on cultural heritage, including a Chance Finds procedure.</li> <li>2. IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of an inventory of impacted ancestral graves and sacred sites in a participatory manner, through consultations with affected communities (when impacts are related to SRC's operations between 2008 and 2020). IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development and implementation of a plan to mitigate past impacts on cultural heritage. Chance Finds Procedure will be used going forward on any new expansion, if mapping does not identify a site.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>New or updated SRC procedure on Cultural Heritage / June 2025</li> <li>SRC Inventory of impacts between 2008 and 2020. / December 2025</li> <li>Implementation Plan with mitigation actions, timeline and budget.</li> </ol>
F. Water Supply and Pollution		
CAO Recommendation 7. <u>IFC should work</u> <u>with SRC</u> to include those water points claimed to be polluted in the 2013 Green Advocates report and 2019 Bread for All report into SRC's annual water testing program, to be conducted by an independent laboratory. The result shall be disclosed to the Liberia Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the local communities on a quarterly basis. SRC should ensure that at least one secure access point to potable water is operational in each of the settlements in the plantation and all affected communities outside the plantation per the Ministry of Health and Social Welfare Standards and environmental permit.	<ul> <li>F1. Water Supply and Pollution <ol> <li>IFC provides recommendations to SRC on the development of a Participatory Surface Water Monitoring Program (PSWMP), a Potable Water Access Plan with communities within and surrounding the Salala planation in the Margibi and Bong counties, and the establishment of Water Management Committees (WMC), with a gender focus, to access, manage and maintain adequate water sources in communities.</li> <li>IFC trains SRC's staff in the effective implementation of the PSWMP and WMC.</li> </ol></li></ul>	<ol> <li>Summaries of IFC reviews and recommendations</li> <li>SRC Participatory Surface Water Monitoring Program Plan / June 2025</li> <li>SRC Potable Water Access Plan / June 2025</li> <li>SRC Guidelines for Water Management Committees / December 2025</li> <li>Anonymized and aggregated records of IFC training to SRC staff.</li> </ol>
G. Poor Employment Conditions and I		
CAO Recommendation 8. IFC should commission a PS2 review of SRC operations	G1. SRC Policies and Procedures       SRC, SRC         1. IFC reviews SRC Labor and Working       Implementing	6. Summary of IFC Reviews and

to confirm compliance with PS2/international core labor standards. <u>IFC should work with</u> <u>SRC</u> directly or commission an audit firm to review company documentation and hold	Conditions Policies, including employee grievance mechanism, wages and benefits, contractor management, use and handling of personal protective equipment (PPE) as well	partner	Recommendations / continuous 7. New or updated SRC Labor and Working
engagements with workers to understand instances where workers had their salary	as adequate facilities for women employees, and provides recommendations on		conditions / June 2025
deducted for personal protective equipment	improvements to SRC. This action also supports the delivery of A1, B1, F1		
	MAP actions.		